

Melton Renewable Energy (Holdings) Limited

Annual report and financial statements

for the year ended 30 June 2022

Registered number: 05375886

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Company information

Directors

P S Latham
M G Setchell
E J Wilkinson

Secretary

Octopus Company Secretarial Services Limited.
6th Floor
33 Holborn
London
EC1N 2HT

Bankers

Barclays Bank PLC
1 Churchill Place
London
E14 5HP

Registered office

6th Floor
33 Holborn
London
England
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Strategic report for the year ended 30 June 2022

The directors present their strategic report for the company for the year ended 30 June 2022.

Business review

The company's sole activity is to hold shares in Melton Renewable Energy Newco Limited ("MREN"). MREN's sole activity is to hold shares in EPR Renewable Energy Limited ("EREL"). EREL's sole activity is to hold shares in Energy Power Resources Limited ("EPRL").

The company's results for the year and financial position at the year end were in line with expectations.

EPRL and its subsidiaries collectively represent the "Biomass division" of the Melton Renewable Energy UK Limited group ("the group"). The primary activity of the Biomass division is the operation of five electricity power stations (in total approximately 111MW capacity) and the marketing and sale of potash and phosphate fertiliser, branded as Fibrophos.

The results of the Biomass division for the year ended 30 June 2022 and the financial position at that date were satisfactory being underpinned by solid operational performance across the portfolio. Following excellent operational performance and results in the previous financial year, output and availability remained strong in the year ended 30 June 2022. Portfolio output in the year ended 30 June 2022 was 778GWh, an increase of 16GWh (2.2%) compared with the prior year. This reflected increased output from Ely Power Station, its output having been impacted by a shortfall in available biomass fuel in the final quarter of the previous financial year following the poor straw harvest in the summer of 2020. In addition, there was improved output from Westfield Power Station which performed exceptionally well in the year ended 30 June 2022. These improvements were partially offset by marginal reductions in output from Thetford, Glanford and Eye Power Stations. Overall output from the Biomass division was in line with expectations and broadly consistent with recent years.

Macroeconomic factors

The spread of Covid-19 and governmental responses to it resulted in an economic downturn in the UK and the global economy more widely during 2020, as well as causing initial declines and increased volatility in financial and electricity markets. The UK and global economies recovered during 2021, coinciding with a sharp rise in wholesale UK electricity prices. These effects and the increase in wholesale electricity prices continued at the start of 2022 and thereafter following Russia's invasion of the Ukraine and the imposition of economic sanctions.

Since the early part of 2022 the UK has seen a significant increase in inflation which has impacted businesses and the wider population. The group is not immune to these wider inflationary pressures particularly in terms of the cost of haulage, biomass fuel, gas oil, maintenance contracts and salaries.

Whilst the group fixed the near term electricity prices it receives during 2021 it will benefit from the annual indexation of its ROC buy out income. Further, as a generator of renewable electricity the group is somewhat protected from increasingly difficult consumer market conditions.

The UK Autumn Statement 2022 dated 17 November 2022 included an outline of the Electricity Generator Levy that will apply to certain UK electricity generators from 1 January 2023 to 31 March 2028. Those companies in scope will be subject to a 45% tax charge on electricity revenue above £75 per MWh, classified as "Exceptional Generation Receipts". We understand that entitlement to ROCs and associated revenue will remain unchanged. The supporting draft legislation is expected to be published in December 2022.

Based on information available currently and existing PPAs, we do not expect the Electricity Generator Levy to have a material impact on the results of the company or other companies within the Biomass division in the near term. We will continue to review and monitor the impact of the Electricity Generator Levy when the draft legislation is available and subsequently when it is enacted.

Strategic report for the year ended 30 June 2022

Results

The results of the company show a profit for the financial year of £9,621,000 (2021: £55,282,000). Dividend income from shares in group undertakings of £11,000,000 was received in the year (2021: £56,830,000). Excluding dividend income the company's loss for the financial year was £1,379,000 (2021: £1,548,000 loss).

Principal risks and uncertainties

From the perspective of the company, the principal risks and uncertainties are integrated with those of the group and are not managed separately. The group has an agreed formal risk management policy and framework that covers identification, mitigation, control, monitoring and review of risks on a regular basis. Further discussion of group wide risks is provided within the directors' report of Melton Renewable Energy UK Limited which does not form part of this report.

Key performance indicators

The directors of Melton Renewable Energy UK Limited manage the group's operations on a group wide basis. For this reason, the company's directors believe that analysis using key performance indicators for the company is not necessary or appropriate for an understanding of the development, performance or position of the business of Melton Renewable Energy (Holdings) Limited. The development, performance and position of Melton Renewable Energy UK Limited, which includes this wholly owned UK subsidiary, is discussed in the group's report and financial statements which does not form part of this report.

Going concern

The company has made a profit of £9,621,000 for the year ended 30 June 2022. It is in a net asset position of £34,625,000 as at 30 June 2022 and is expecting to trade profitably in the foreseeable future based on forecasts. Based on these facts, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operation for the foreseeable future and for at least 12 months from the point of approving this annual report and financial statements. The company therefore continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual report and financial statements.

Statement by the directors in performance of their statutory duties in accordance with s172(1)(a) to (f) Companies Act 2006

From the perspective of the company's directors, the matters that they are responsible for considering under Section 172 (1) of the Companies Act 2006 ('s172') have been considered to an appropriate extent by the directors of Melton Renewable Energy UK Limited in relation to both the group and the company. To the extent necessary for an understanding of the development, performance and position of the company, an explanation of how the group has considered the matters relating to s172 is included within the group's report and financial statements which does not form part of this report.

The report was approved by the board on 9 December 2022 and signed on its behalf by:



E J Wilkinson
Director

Director's report for the year ended 30 June 2022

The directors present their annual report and the financial statements for Melton Renewable Energy (Holdings) Limited (the "company") for the year ended 30 June 2022.

Principal activities

The company's sole activity is to hold shares in Melton Renewable Energy Newco Limited ("MREN"). MREN's sole activity is to hold shares in EPR Renewable Energy Limited ("EREL"). EREL's sole activity is to hold shares in Energy Power Resources Limited ("EPRL").

EPRL and its subsidiaries collectively represent the "Biomass division" of the Melton Renewable Energy UK Limited group.

The primary activity of the Biomass division is the operation of five electricity power stations (in total approximately 111MW capacity) and the marketing and sale of potash and phosphate fertiliser, branded as Fibrophos.

Future developments

The directors anticipate that the company will continue to achieve satisfactory results in future years.

Dividends

Ordinary dividends of £11,000,000 were paid during the year (2021: £54,580,000).

Directors

The directors of the company, who held office during the year and up to the date of signing the financial statements, are given below:

P S Latham
M G Setchell
E J Wilkinson

Directors' third-party indemnity provision

A qualifying third-party indemnity provision as defined in section 234 of the Companies Act 2006 was in force throughout the financial year and at the date of approval of the financial statements, for the benefit of each of the directors in respect of liabilities incurred as a result of their office, to the extent permitted by law. In respect of those liabilities for which directors may not be indemnified, the company maintained a directors' and officers' liability insurance policy throughout the financial year and up to the date of approval of the financial statements.

Financial risk management

The company's operations expose it to limited financial risk that include liquidity risk.

Given the size of the company, the directors have not delegated responsibility of monitoring financial risk management to a sub-committee of the board. The policies set by the board of directors are implemented by the company's finance department.

Liquidity risk

The company maintains cash balances and has access to short-term finance so as to ensure the company has sufficient available funds for operations.

Director's report for the year ended 30 June 2022

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulation.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", and applicable law).

Under company law, directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing the financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors are also responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006.

Audit exemption

The company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 479A of the Companies Act 2006 ("the Act") and the members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006. Accordingly, no auditors have been appointed. The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The report was approved by the board on 9 December 2022 and signed on its behalf by:



E J Wilkinson
Director

**Statement of income and retained earnings
for the year ended 30 June 2022**

	<i>Note</i>	<i>2022</i> £000s	<i>2021</i> £000s
Income from shares in group undertakings	9	11,000	56,830
<i>Profit on ordinary activities before interest and taxation</i>		11,000	56,830
Interest payable and similar charges	6	(1,702)	(1,911)
<i>Profit on ordinary activities before taxation</i>		9,298	54,919
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	7	323	363
<i>Profit for the financial year</i>	15	9,621	55,282
<i>Retained earnings brought forward</i>		13,279	12,577
Dividends	8	(11,000)	(54,580)
<i>Retained earnings carried forward</i>	15	11,900	13,279

All items dealt with in the statement of income and retained earnings above relate to continuing operations.

There is no material difference between the profit on ordinary activities before taxation and the profit for the financial year stated above and their historical cost equivalents.

The company has no other comprehensive income other than the results above and therefore no separate statement of comprehensive income has been prepared.

The notes on pages 8 to 16 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Melton Renewable Energy (Holdings) Limited

Balance sheet

as at 30 June 2022

	Note	2022 £000s	2021 £000s
Fixed assets			
Investments	9	1,000	1,000
		---	---
Current assets			
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	10	54,271	59,182
Cash at bank and in hand		54	42
		---	---
		54,325	59,224
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	11	(6,850)	(6,850)
		---	---
Net current assets		47,475	52,374
		---	---
Total assets less current liabilities		48,475	53,374
		---	---
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	12	(13,850)	(17,370)
		---	---
Net assets		34,625	36,004
		---	---
		---	---
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	14	22,725	22,725
Retained earnings	15	11,900	13,279
		---	---
Total shareholders' funds	16	34,625	36,004
		---	---

For the year ending 30 June 2022 the directors consider that the company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 479A of the Companies Act 2006 ("the Act") and the members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The notes on pages 8 to 16 form an integral part of these financial statements.

The financial statements on pages 6 to 16 were approved by the board of directors on 9 December 2022 and were signed on its behalf by:



E J Wilkinson
Director

Registered number: 05375886

Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 30 June 2022

1. General information

Melton Renewable Energy (Holdings) Limited's sole activity is to hold shares in Melton Renewable Energy Newco Limited.

The company is a private company limited by shares and is incorporated and registered in England, United Kingdom. The address of its registered office is at 6th Floor, 33 Holborn, London, England, EC1N 2HT.

2. Statement of compliance

The financial statements of Melton Renewable Energy (Holdings) Limited have been prepared in compliance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102, "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the Companies Act 2006.

3. Accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements are prepared on the going concern basis, under the historical cost convention in accordance with the Companies Act 2006 and applicable United Kingdom accounting standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102").

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the group and company accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in note 4.

Group financial statements

The company has taken advantage of the exemption available under section 400 of the Companies Act 2006 not to prepare consolidated financial statements, on the basis that the company's holding company is Melton Renewable Energy UK Limited, a company established under UK law that prepares consolidated financial statements.

Exemptions for qualifying entities under FRS 102

FRS 102 allows a qualifying entity certain disclosure exemptions, subject to certain conditions, which have been complied with, including notification of, and no objection to, the use of exemptions by the company's shareholders.

The company has taken advantage of the following exemptions:

- (i) from preparing a statement of cash flows, on the basis that it is a qualifying entity and the consolidated statement of cash flows, included in the consolidated financial statements of the group in which the entity is consolidated, includes the company's cash flows;
- (ii) from disclosing the company key management personnel compensation, as required by FRS 102 paragraph 33.7;
- (iii) from the financial instrument disclosures, required under FRS 102 paragraphs 11.39 to 11.48A and paragraphs 12.26 to 12.29, as the information is provided in the consolidated financial statements disclosures.

Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 30 June 2022

3. Accounting policies (continued)

Related parties

The company is exempt from disclosing transactions with related entities, these being other 100% owned subsidiaries of Fern Trading Limited, as required by FRS 102, paragraph 33.1.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts, when applicable, are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

Investments

The company's investments in subsidiary undertakings are stated at cost less and where applicable, amounts written off to reflect the value of the underlying net assets of the investment at the balance sheet date.

Current tax

Current tax is the amount of corporation tax payable in respect of the taxable profit for the period or prior periods. Tax is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the period end.

Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more, tax, with the following exception:

- Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantially enacted at the balance sheet date.

Group relief

Credits for amounts receivable in respect of tax losses surrendered to group companies are recognised in the year in which the losses are surrendered, as are charges in respect of tax losses claimed from group companies.

Share Capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 30 June 2022

3. Accounting policies (continued)

Financial instruments

The company has chosen to adopt Sections 11 and 12 of FRS 102 in respect of financial instruments.

Financial assets

Basic financial assets, including trade and other receivables and cash and bank balances are initially recognised at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Such assets are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

At the end of each reporting period financial assets measured at amortised cost are assessed for objective evidence of impairment. If an asset is impaired the impairment loss is the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in the statement of income and retained earnings.

Financial assets are derecognised when (a) the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or (b) substantially all the risks and rewards of the ownership of the asset are transferred to another party or (c) control of the asset has been transferred to another party who has the practical ability to unilaterally sell the asset to an unrelated third party without imposing additional restrictions.

Financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other payables and loans from fellow group companies are initially recognised at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade payables are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the liability is extinguished, that is when the contractual obligation is discharged, cancelled or expires.

Offsetting

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amounts presented in the financial statements when there is an enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle to liability simultaneously.

Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 30 June 2022

4. Critical accounting judgements and estimation uncertainty

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and based on historical experience and other factors, including expectation of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

- a) Critical judgements in applying the company's accounting policies.

The directors consider that there are no critical judgements in the application of the company's accounting policies which would have a material impact on the financial statements.

- b) Key accounting estimates and assumptions.

The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. There are no estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities.

5. Employee information

The company paid no remuneration or wages to its directors and had no other employees during the year (2021: £nil). The emoluments of E J Wilkinson are paid by Melton Renewable Energy UK Limited which makes no recharge to the company. E J Wilkinson is a director of the parent company and a number of fellow subsidiaries and it is not possible to make an accurate apportionment of his emoluments in respect of each of the subsidiaries. His total emoluments are included in the aggregate of directors' emoluments disclosed in the financial statements of the subsidiary. P S Latham and M G Setchell did not receive any payment for their services to the Melton Renewable Energy UK Limited group.

6. Interest payable and similar charges

	2022	2021
	£000s	£000s
Interest payable to parent undertakings	1,702	1,911

Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 30 June 2022

7. Tax on profit on ordinary activities

a) Analysis of credit in the year

	<i>2022</i>	<i>2021</i>
	<i>£000s</i>	<i>£000s</i>
Current tax:		
Group relief receivable	(323)	(363)
Total tax credit	(323)	(363)

b) Reconciliation of tax credit

The tax assessed on the profit on ordinary activities before taxation for the year is lower than (2021: lower than) the effective rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2021: 19%). The differences are explained below:

	<i>2022</i>	<i>2021</i>
	<i>£000s</i>	<i>£000s</i>
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	9,298	54,919
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by effective rate of corporation tax of 19% (2021: 19%)	1,767	10,435
Effect of:		
Non-taxable income	(2,090)	(10,798)
Tax credit for the year	(323)	(363)

c) Factors that may affect future tax charges

The Finance Act 2021 enacted on 10 June 2021 increased the main rate of UK corporation tax from 19% to 25%, effective from 1 April 2023. Deferred taxes on the balance sheet have been measured at 25% (2021: 25%) which represents the future corporation tax rate that was enacted at the balance sheet date.

8. Dividends

	<i>2022</i>	<i>2021</i>
	<i>£000s</i>	<i>£000s</i>
2022: £0.48 per ordinary share (2021: £2.40)	11,000	54,580

Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 30 June 2022

9. Investments

Cost:	£000s
At 1 July 2021 and 30 June 2022	1,000

The subsidiary companies of the company at 30 June 2022, which are all wholly owned and incorporated in Great Britain are listed below.

<i>Name of company</i>	<i>Proportion of voting rights and shares held</i>	<i>Nature of business</i>
<i>Subsidiary undertakings</i>		
Melton Renewable Energy Newco Ltd +	Ordinary Shares 100%	Intermediate holding company
EPR Renewable Energy Limited	Ordinary shares 100%	Intermediate holding company
Energy Power Resources Limited	Ordinary shares 100%	Development of renewable energy projects and providing management and administrative services
EPR Scotland Limited	Ordinary shares 100%	Operation of electricity power station
EPR Ely Limited	Ordinary shares 100%	Operation of electricity power station
EPR Eyc Limited	Ordinary shares 100%	Operation of electricity power station
EPR Glanford Limited	Ordinary shares 100%	Operation of electricity power station
EPR Thetford Limited	Ordinary shares 100%	Operation of electricity power station
Fibrophos Limited	Ordinary shares 100%	Supply of fertiliser

+ Held directly by Melton Renewable Energy (Holdings) Limited.

The directors believe that the carrying value of the investments is supported by their underlying net assets.

The registered office of the companies listed above is 6th Floor, 33 Holborn, London, England, EC1N 2HT except for EPR Scotland Limited which is at 1 West Regent Street, Glasgow, G2 1AP.

Notes to the financial statements
for the year ended 30 June 2022

9. Investments (continued)

During the year the company received dividends from wholly owned subsidiaries as follows: -

	<i>2022</i>	<i>2021</i>
	<i>£000s</i>	<i>£000s</i>
Melton Renewable Energy Newco Limited	11,000	56,830

10. Debtors

	<i>2022</i>	<i>2021</i>
	<i>£000s</i>	<i>£000s</i>
Amounts owed by group undertakings	53,214	57,393
Group relief	1,057	1,789
	54,271	59,182

All amounts owed by group undertakings are unsecured, interest free and are repayable on demand.

11. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	<i>2022</i>	<i>2021</i>
	<i>£000s</i>	<i>£000s</i>
Amounts owed to group undertakings	6,850	6,850
	6,850	6,850

All amounts owed to group undertakings are unsecured, interest free and are repayable on demand.

12. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	<i>2022</i>	<i>2021</i>
	<i>£000s</i>	<i>£000s</i>
Parent company loan (note 13)	13,850	17,370

Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 30 June 2022

13. Parent company loan

The parent company loan provided by Melton Renewable Energy UK Limited is unsecured, bears interest at 11% per annum and is due to be repaid on 31 December 2028.

14. Called up share capital

	2022 £000s	2021 £000s
<i>Allotted, called up and fully paid:</i>		
22,725.001 (2021: 22,725.001) ordinary shares of £1 each	22,725	22,725
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

15. Retained earnings

	<i>Retained earnings £000s</i>
At 1 July 2021	13,279
Profit for the financial year	9,621
Dividends (note 8)	(11,000)
At 30 June 2022	11,900
	<u> </u>

16. Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds

	2022 £000s	2021 £000s
Opening shareholders' funds	36,004	35,302
Profit for the financial year	9,621	55,282
Dividends (note 8)	(11,000)	(54,580)
Closing shareholders' funds	34,625	36,004
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

17. Contingent liabilities

At 30 June 2022 the company was guarantor with other group companies of a bank loan facility provided by the group's financiers. The outstanding loan balance as at 30 June 22 was £88,422,000 (2021: £106,713,000).

The company has no other off balance sheet arrangements.

Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 30 June 2022

18. Ultimate parent company

Melton Renewable Energy UK Limited is the immediate parent undertaking and is registered in England, United Kingdom. The ultimate parent undertaking as at the year ended 30 June 2022 was Fern Trading Limited, a limited company by shares incorporated in the United Kingdom with its registered office at 6th Floor, 33 Holborn, London, England, EC1N 2HT.

Melton Renewable Energy UK Limited is the holding company of the smallest group of undertakings for which group financial statements are drawn up and Fern Trading Limited is the holding company of the largest group of undertakings for which group financial statements are drawn up. Copies of the group financial statements may be obtained from the address above.