Registered number: 11783185

Fern Fibre Limited

Annual report and unaudited financial statements For the year ended 30 June 2022

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Company information

Directors E W Fellows

S M Grant R J Skinner

Company Secretary Octopus Company Secretarial Services Limited

Registered number 11783185

Registered office 6th Floor

33 Holborn London England EC1N 2HT

Strategic report for the year ended 30 June 2022

The directors present their Strategic report on Fern Fibre Limited (the "Company") for the year ended 30 June 2022.

Principal activities and business review

Fern Fibre Limited is 100% owned by Fern Infrastructure Limited and its ultimate parent company is Fern Trading Limited. The principal activity is that of a holding company.

The results for the Company for the year ended 30 June 2022 and financial position as at that date were in line with expectations.

Principal risks and uncertainties

The Company's financial risk management seeks to minimise the exposure to significant risks.

Funding risk

The Company relies on the continued support of its ultimate controlling party, Fern Trading Limited. Funding is provided on a long term basis, and includes the flexibility to draw down funding to meet ongoing needs of the Company.

Market risk

A shift in policy by Ofcom or United Kingdom Government could have an adverse impact on the Company where the change is more favourable to larger incumbent operators than alternative network providers. The Company alongside Fern Trading Limited engages proactively with the United Kingdom Government and Ofcom to ensure the strategy and plans of the Company are well understood, and its interests are appropriately represented and protected.

Strategic report

for the year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

Statement by the directors in performance of their statutory duties in accordance with section 172(1)(a) to (f) Companies Act 2006

The directors have considered the interest of other stakeholders within the Directors' report, which will have an impact on the long-term success of the Company when performing their duty to promote the success of the Company under section 172. The directors view the key stakeholders of the Company to be shareholders, suppliers, employees, and borrowers. When making decisions, each director ensures that they act in the way they consider, in good faith and would most likely promote the Company's success for the benefit of its members. The directors make the following

considerations when considering promoting the success of the Company:

 When making decisions, the directors give careful consideration to the impact of those decisions on both the Company and broader stakeholders. This is achieved by considering any new deals or suppliers on a case-by-case basis and assessing the impact on the long-term objectives of the Company, as well as the impact on and reputation

of the other party. In doing so, the directors also consider the impact on other stakeholders, in particular the

shareholders.

The Company acts in a fair manner with all suppliers and seeks to maintain strong business relationships with them.
 This is achieved by all contracts being negotiated through fair and transparent tender processes which includes an

assessment of the impact on the long-term objectives of the Company.

The Company ensures that outsourced activities are with reputable suppliers who meet all the relevant industry and

regulatory commitments as well as treating employees fairly. This is stated in agreements with outsourcers and

adherence to this is monitored by the Company's management team.

The Company treats all suppliers fairly, endeavouring to pay invoices within the terms of the contract. Any disputes

are resolved promptly with key relationship personnel.

The directors understand the business and the evolving environment in which we operate and have considered the

businesses specific risks and uncertainties within this Strategic report.

Financial key performance indicators

The Company focuses on capital preservation. In the case of its operational subsidiaries, performance is measured by revenue and EBITDA and compared against the budget set at the beginning of the financial year. On a quarterly basis, performance is measured against detailed financial forecast models and a returns target set at inception. Results thus far

have been in line with expectations.

Objectives and strategies

The directors do not expect any change in the Company's activities during the next financial year.

This report was approved by the board on

14 February 2023

and signed on its behalf:

E W Fellows

Director

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Directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2022

The directors present their report and the unaudited financial statements of the Company for the year ended 30 June 2022.

Results and dividends

The profit for the year amounted to £11,843,000 (2021: £859,000) and at the year end the Company had net assets of £372,686,000 (2021: £137,543,000).

No dividends were declared and paid during the year (2021: £nil).

Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis. The directors have assessed the Company's ability to meet its liabilities as they fall due, including the review of the effect of the ongoing Ukraine-Russia conflict, together with growing turmoil from fluctuations in commodity prices and foreign exchange rates, and the potential to adversely impact global economics, which has driven a sharp increase in volatility across markets.

The directors have determined that based on recent trading of the Company and revised projections, the above events are not expected to have a detrimental impact on the Company's business. Further, the ultimate controlling party, Fern Trading Limited, will continue to support the operations of the Company for a period of at least 12 months from the date on which the financial statements are approved. The directors will continue to monitor the situation and take any necessary actions to minimise the possible negative impact of these events.

Directors of the Company

The directors who served during the financial year ended 30 June 2022 and up to the date of signing the financial statements, unless otherwise indicated, are given below:

J C N Digges (resigned on 21 September 2021)

E W Fellows (appointed on 21 September 2021)

PS Latham (resigned on 6 January 2023)

S M Grant (appointed on 6 January 2023)

R J Skinner

Matters covered in the Strategic report

As permitted by section 414c (11) of the Companies Act 2006, the directors have elected to disclose information required to be in the Directors' report by Schedule 7 of the 'Large and Medium-sized Companies and Groups (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008', in the Strategic report.

Qualifying third party indemnity provisions

As permitted by the Articles of Association, the directors have the benefit of an indemnity which is a qualifying third-party indemnity provision as defined by section 234 of the Companies Act 2006. The indemnity was in force throughout the last financial year and is currently in force.

Directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic report, Directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland" and applicable law). Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising the FRS 102, have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006.

Audit exemption

The directors consider that the Company is entitled to an exemption from the requirement to have an audit under section 479A of the Companies Act 2006. Under the provisions of section 479C of the Companies Act 2006, Fern Trading Limited, the ultimate parent company, has given a statutory guarantee of all the outstanding liabilities to which the Company is subject to 30 June 2022.

Events since the Balance sheet date

There have been no material adjusting or disclosable events since the financial year end.

This report was approved by the board on 14 February 2023 and signed on its behalf:

E W Fellows Director

Statement of comprehensive income for the year ended 30 June 2022

	Note	2022 £000	2021 £000
Administrative expenses		62	(5)
Operating profit/(loss)		62	(5)
Interest receivable	4	12,377	1,245
Interest payable and similar expenses	5	(596)	(180)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		11,843	1,060
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	6	-	(201)
Profit for the financial year		11,843	859

All above amounts relate to continuing operations.

The Company has no items of other comprehensive income for the current or preceding financial year. Therefore, no separate statement of other comprehensive income has been presented.

The notes on pages 9 to 18 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Registered number: 11783185

Balance sheet as at 30 June 2022

	Note		2022 £000		2021 £000
Fixed assets					
Investments	7		119,259		100,912
Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	8	269,304		55,228	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	9	(15,877)		(18,597)	
Net current assets			253,427		36,631
Total assets less current liabilities			372,686		137,543
Net assets			372,686		137,543
Capital and reserves					
Called-up share capital	10		360,086		136,786
Retained earnings			12,600		7 57
Total shareholder's funds			372,686		137,543

For the year ended 30 June 2022, the Company was entitled to an exemption from audit under section 479A of the Companies Act 2006 relating to subsidiary companies.

No members have required the Company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 14 February 2023 _____.

E W Fellows Director

The notes on pages 9 to 18 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Statement of changes in equity for the year ended 30 June 2022

	Called-up share capital	Retained earnings	Total shareholder's funds
	£000	£000	£000
At 1 July 2020	40,300	(102)	40,198
Profit for the financial year	-	859	859
Shares issued during the year (note 10)	96,486	-	96,486
At 30 June 2021 and 1 July 2021	136,786	757	137,543
Profit for the financial year	•	11,843	11,843
Shares issued during the year (note 10)	223,300	-	223,300
At 30 June 2022	360,086	12,600	372,686

The notes on pages 9 to 18 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2022

1. General information

Fern Fibre Limited is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated and domiciled in England, the United Kingdom, registered number: 11783185. The registered office is at 6th Floor, 33 Holborn, London, England, EC1N 2HT

The principal activity of the Company is that of a holding company.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements are prepared on the going concern basis, under the historical cost convention and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Company accounting policies. No critical judgements have been applied to these financial statements.

The Company's functional and presentation currency is the pound sterling.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Exemptions for qualifying entities under FRS 102

The Company is a qualifying entity for the purposes of FRS 102, being a member of a group where the parent of that group prepares publicly available consolidated financial statements, including this Company, which are intended to give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the group.

FRS 102 allows a qualifying entity certain disclosure exemptions, subject to certain conditions, which have been complied with, including notification of, and no objection to, the use of exemptions by the Company's shareholders.

The Company has taken advantage of the following exemptions:

- from preparing a statement of cash flows, required under section 7 of FRS 102 and paragraph 3.17(d);
- from disclosing the Company's key management personnel compensation as required by FRS 102 paragraph 33.7; and
- from disclosing related party transactions that are wholly owned within the same group as required by FRS 102 paragraph 33.8.

2.3 Consolidation

These financial statements contain information about the Company as an individual company and do not contain consolidated financial information as a parent undertaking of a group. The Company is exempt under section 400 of the Companies Act 2006 from the requirement to prepare consolidated financial statements as it and its subsidiary undertakings are included by full consolidation in the consolidated financial statements of Fern Trading Limited, a company incorporated in England, the United Kingdom.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.4 Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis. The directors have assessed the Company's ability to meet its liabilities as they fall due, including the review of the effect of the ongoing Ukraine-Russia conflict, together with growing turmoil from fluctuations in commodity prices and foreign exchange rates, and the potential to adversely impact global economics, which has driven a sharp increase in volatility across markets.

The directors have determined that based on recent trading of the Company and revised projections, the above events are not expected to have a detrimental impact on the Company's business. Further, the ultimate controlling party, Fern Trading Limited, will continue to support the operations of the Company for a period of at least 12 months from the date on which the financial statements are approved. The directors will continue to monitor the situation and take any necessary actions to minimise the possible negative impacts of these events.

2.5 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income using the accruals basis.

2.6 Finance costs

Finance costs are charged to Statement of comprehensive income over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

2.7 Investments

Investments in subsidiary undertakings and associates are accounted for at cost less any provision for impairment. The value of investments is reviewed annually by the directors or more frequently if there is a triggering event and provision made where the investment's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income. Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the investment is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, not to exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment losses been recognised for the investment in prior years. A reversal of impairment loss is recognised immediately in the Statement of comprehensive income.

2.8 Impairment of non-financial assets

At each reporting date non-financial assets not carried at fair value are assessed to determine whether there is an indication that the asset (or asset's cash generating unit) may be impaired. If there is such an indication the recoverable amount of the asset (or asset's cash generating unit) is compared to the carrying amount of the asset (or asset's cash generating unit).

The recoverable amount of the asset (or asset's cash generating unit) is the higher of the fair value less costs to sell and value in use. Value in use is defined as the present value of the future cash flows before interest and tax obtainable as a result of the asset's (or asset's cash generating unit) continued use. These cash flows are discounted using a pre-tax discount rate that represents the current market risk-free rate and the risks inherent in the asset.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.8 Impairment of non-financial assets (continued)

If the recoverable amount of the asset (or asset's cash generating unit) is estimated to be lower than the carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income, unless the asset has been revalued when the amount is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation. Thereafter any excess is recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income.

If an impairment loss is subsequently reversed, the carrying amount of the asset (or asset's cash generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but only to the extent that the revised carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of depreciation or amortisation) had no impairment loss been recognised in prior periods. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income.

2.9 Taxation

Taxation expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

(i) Current tax

Current tax is the amount of income tax payable in respect of the taxable profit for the period or prior periods. Tax is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the period end.

(ii) Deferred tax

Deferred tax arises from timing differences that are differences between taxable profits and total comprehensive income as stated in the financial statements. These timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is recognised on all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are only recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the period end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.10 Financial instruments

(i) Financial assets

Debt instruments (other than those wholly repayable or receivable within one year), including loans and other accounts receivable and payable, are initially measured at present value of the future cash flows and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Debt instruments that are payable or receivable within one year, typically trade debtors and creditors, are measured, initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received. However, if the arrangements of a short-term instrument constitute a financing transaction, like the payment of a trade debt deferred beyond normal business terms or in case of an out-right short-term loan that is not at market rate, he financial asset or liability is measured, initially at the present value of future cash flows discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument and subsequently at amortised cost.

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income.

For financial assets measured at cost and amortised cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. If a financial asset has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate determined under the contract.

For financial assets measured at cost less impairment, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and best estimate of the recoverable amount, which is an approximation of the amount that the Company would receive for the asset if it were to be sold at the reporting date.

(ii) Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such on the Balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the Statement of comprehensive income. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability.

Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, and the net amount reported in the Balance sheet when there is an enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

2.11 Related party transactions

The Company discloses transactions with related parties which are not wholly owned with the same group. It does not disclose transactions with members of the same group that are wholly owned.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

3. Employees and directors' remuneration

The Company had no employees during the year (2021: none). The directors did not receive or waive any remuneration (2021: £nil).

4. Interest receivable

		2022 £000	2021 £000
	Interest receivable from group undertakings	12,377	1,245
5.	Interest payable and similar expenses		
		2022 £000	2021 £000
	Finance costs	596	180
6.	Taxation		
		2022 £000	2021 £000
	Current tax:		
	United Kingdom corporation tax on profit for the year	-	201
	Total current tax	-	201

Factors affecting tax charge for the year

The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2021: the same as) the standard rate of corporation tax in the United Kingdom of 19% (2021: 19%). The differences are explained below:

	2022 £000	2021 £000
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	11,843	1,060
Tax on profit at standard corporation tax rate of 19% (2021: 19%) Effects of:	2,250	201
Income not taxable	(19)	-
Group relief not paid	(2,231)	-
Total tax charge for the year		201

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

6. Taxation (continued)

Factors that may affect future tax charges

The Finance Act 2021 enacted on 10 June 2021 increased the main rate of United Kingdom corporation tax from 19% to 25%, effective from 1 April 2023.

7. Investments

Subsidiary undertakings £000
100,912
18,347
119,259
•
119,259
100,912

The directors believe that the book value of the investments is not more than the value of the underlying net assets.

Subsidiary undertakings

The following were subsidiary undertakings of the Company:

Name	Country of incorporation	Class of shares	Holding	Principal activity
Al Networks Limited	United Kingdom*	Ordinary	100%	Fibre optic broadband networks
Allpoints Fibre Limited	United Kingdom**	Ordinary	100%	Fibre optic broadband networks
Comm21 Ltd	United Kingdom****	* Ordinary	100%	Fibre optic broadband networks
Giganet Fibre Limited	United Kingdom	Ordinary	100%	Holding company
Giganet Limited	United Kingdom	Ordinary	100%	Holding company
Jurassic Fibre Holdings Limited	United Kingdom	Ordinary	91.66%	Holding company
Jurassic Fibre Limited	United Kingdom	Ordinary	100%	Fibre optic broadband networks
LLU Communications Ltd	United Kingdom*	Ordinary	100%	Fibre optic broadband networks
M12 Solutions Limited	United Kingdom	Ordinary	100%	Fibre optic broadband networks
Park Broadband Limited	United Kingdom*	Ordinary	100%	Fibre optic broadband networks

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

7. Investments (continued)

Name	Country of incorporation	Class of shares	Holding	Principal activity
SFP Fibre Limited	United Kingdom***	Ordinary	100%	Fibre optic broadband networks
Swish Fibre Contracting Limited	United Kingdom***	Ordinary	100%	Fibre optic broadband networks
Swish Fibre Limited	United Kingdom***	Ordinary	100%	Fibre optic broadband networks
Swish Fibre Networks Limited	United Kingdom***	Ordinary	100%	Fibre optic broadband networks
Swish Fibre Services Limited	United Kingdom***	Ordinary	100%	Fibre optic broadband networks
Swish Fibre Yorkshire Limited	United Kingdom****	Ordinary	100%	Fibre optic broadband networks
Swish Trading Limited	United Kingdom	Ordinary	80%	Holding company
VCSE LTD	United Kingdom*	Ordinary	100%	Fibre optic broadband networks
Vitrifi Limited	United Kingdom	Ordinary	100%	Fibre optic broadband networks
Vorboss Limited	United Kingdom*	Ordinary	100%	Fibre optic broadband networks
Varboss US Inc.	United States	Ordinary	100%	Fibre optic broadband networks

Jurassic Fibre Holdings Limited, Swish Trading Limited, Giganet Limited, Vitrifi Limited, Allpoints Fibre Limited and Vorboss Limited are directly held by the Company. All other subsidiaries are held indirectly.

Acquired/incorporated after year end

Cuckoo Internet Ltd 31 August 2022
Vitrifi Digital Limited 13 July 2022
40fi Limited 22 November 2022

Disposed after year end

Comm21 Ltd 6 September 2022

The registered office of all of the companies listed above is 6th Floor, 33 Holborn, London, England, EC1N 2HT except for those set out below:

Country	Registration office
United Kingdom*	Broadwalk House, 5 Appold Street, London, United Kingdom, EC2A 2AG
United Kingdom**	The Carriage House, Station Works, Station Road, Claverdon, Warwickshire,
	United Kingdom, CV35 8PE
United Kingdom***	13 Salisbury Place, London, England, England, W1H 1FJ
United Kingdom****	Unit 3 Monkswell Business Park, Manse Lane, Knaresborough, HG5 8NQ
United Kingdom*****	Anketils Place, Shaftesbury, Dorset, United Kingdom, SP7 0JA
United States	The Corporation Trust Company, Corporation Trust Center, 1209 Orange Street,
	Wilmington 19801, United States

8. Debtors: amounts falling due within one year

	2022	2021
	£000	£000
Amounts owed by group undertakings	255,405	53,701
Amounts owed by related parties	300	300
Prepayments and accrued income	13,599	1,227
	269,304	55,228

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

8. Debtors: amounts falling due within one year (continued)

Amounts owed by group undertakings are unsecured loans with a year end balance totalling £254,950,000 (2021: £53,250,000). The loans bear interest at 9% (2021: 9%) and are repayable on demand.

2022

2021

9. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	£000	£000
Amounts owed to group undertakings	42	107
Corporation tax payable	201	201
Other creditors	15,631	18,289
Accruals and deferred income	3	-
	15,877	18,597

Amounts owed to group undertakings are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

10. Called-up share capital

	2022	2021
	£000	£000
Allotted, called-up and fully paid		
360,086,464 (2021: 136,786,464) ordinary shares of £1 each at 30 June	360,086	136,786

On 2 July 2021, the Company issued 2,000,000 ordinary shares of £1 each at par value.

On 22 July 2021, the Company issued 6,000,000 ordinary shares of £1 each at par value.

On 2 August 2021, the Company issued 2,000,000 ordinary shares of £1 each at par value.

On 26 August 2021, the Company issued 15,000,000 ordinary shares of £1 each at par value.

On 2 September 2021, the Company issued 5,000,000 ordinary shares of $\pounds 1$ each at par value.

On 16 September 2021, the Company issued 4,000,000 ordinary shares of £1 each at par value.

On 4 October 2021, the Company issued 6,000,000 ordinary shares of £1 each at par value.

On 27 October 2021, the Company issued 11,000,000 ordinary shares of £1 each at par value.

On 11 November 2021, the Company issued 6,000,000 ordinary shares of £1 each at par value.

On 12 November 2021, the Company issued 200,000 ordinary shares of £1 each at par value.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

10. Called-up share capital (continued)

On 16 November 2021, the Company issued 2,000,000 ordinary shares of £1 each at par value. On 29 November 2021, the Company issued 4,000,000 ordinary shares of £1 each at par value. On 9 December 2021, the Company issued 6,000,000 ordinary shares of £1 each at par value. On 14 December 2021, the Company issued 8,000,000 ordinary shares of £1 each at par value. On 16 December 2021, the Company issued 4,500,000 ordinary shares of £1 each at par value. On 23 December 2021, the Company issued 1,100,000 ordinary shares of £1 each at par value. On 7 January 2022, the Company issued 12,000,000 ordinary shares of £1 each at par value. On 14 January 2022, the Company issued 8,000,000 ordinary shares of £1 each at par value. On 4 February 2022, the Company issued 3,000,000 ordinary shares of £1 each at par value. On 8 February 2022, the Company issued 6,000,000 ordinary shares of £1 each at par value. On 16 February 2022, the Company issued 5,000,000 ordinary shares of £1 each at par value. On 18 February 2022, the Company issued 3,000,000 ordinary shares of £1 each at par value. On 25 February 2022, the Company issued 1,500,000 ordinary shares of £1 each at par value. On 3 March 2022, the Company issued 7,500,000 ordinary shares of £1 each at par value. On 15 March 2022, the Company issued 6,000,000 ordinary shares of £1 each at par value. On 24 March 2022, the Company issued 4,500,000 ordinary shares of £1 each at par value. On 7 April 2022, the Company issued 3,000,000 ordinary shares of £1 each at par value. On 13 April 2022, the Company issued 9,500,000 ordinary shares of £1 each at par value. On 22 April 2022, the Company issued 12,000,000 ordinary shares of £1 each at par value. On 5 May 2022, the Company issued 4,500,000 ordinary shares of £1 each at par value. On 16 May 2022, the Company issued 4,000,000 ordinary shares of £1 each at par value. On 23 May 2022, the Company issued 4,000,000 ordinary shares of £1 each at par value. On 25 May 2022, the Company issued 5,000,000 ordinary shares of £1 each at par value. On 27 May 2022, the Company issued 4,000,000 ordinary shares of £1 each at par value. On 7 June 2022, the Company issued 4,000,000 ordinary shares of £1 each at par value. On 13 June 2022, the Company issued 3,000,000 ordinary shares of £1 each at par value. On 17 June 2022, the Company issued 16,000,000 ordinary shares of £1 each at par value.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

10. Called-up share capital (continued)

On 20 June 2022, the Company issued 7,000,000 ordinary shares of £1 each at par value.

On 24 June 2022, the Company issued 8,000,000 ordinary shares of £1 each at par value.

11. Related party transactions

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption under paragraph 33.1A from the provisions of FRS 102, on the grounds that as at the year ended 30 June 2022 it was a wholly owned subsidiary.

12. Ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party

The Company's immediate parent undertaking as at the year ended 30 June 2022 was Fern Infrastructure Limited, a company incorporated in the United Kingdom.

The ultimate parent undertaking as at the year ended 30 June 2022 was Fern Trading Limited, a company incorporated in England, United Kingdom. Fern Trading Limited is the smallest and largest group of undertakings to consolidate these financial statements. Copies of Fern Trading Limited's consolidated financial statements can be obtained from the Company Secretary at 6th Floor, 33 Holborn, London, England, EC1N 2HT.

13. Events since the Balance sheet date

There have been no material adjusting or disclosable events since the financial year end.